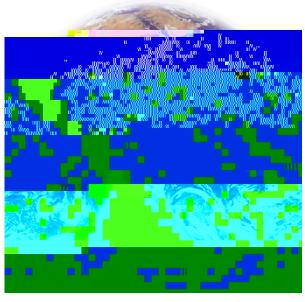


The National Ecological Observatory Network

National Ecological Observatory Network

2/6/2017

Overview



Development / Overview of a Distributed Observatory

- Distilling Questions
- Key Design Elements of Observatory

Ecological Forecasting

philosophy

2

Engagement Activities that we need help with

Key Elements of Ecological Forecasting

The overarching goal of NEON is *to enable* understanding and forecasting of climate change, impacts of land use change, and invasive species on continental-scale ecology by providing infrastructure to support research in these areas.

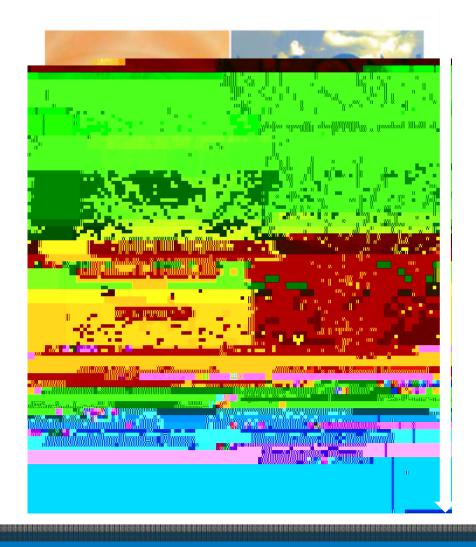
Information infrastructure: Consistent, continental, long-term, multi-scaled data-sets and data products that provide a context for research and education.

Physical Infrastructure: A research platform for investigator-initiated sensors, observations, and experiments.



NRC Grand Challenge Areas

- 1. Biodiversity
- 2. Biogeochemical cycles
- 3. Climate change
- 4. Ecohydrology
- 5. Infectious disease
- 6. Invasive species
- 7. Land use



(Notes) Design Criteria

Trace to questions that were developed by the user communities

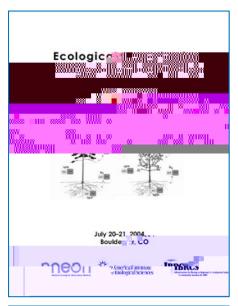
Enable an ecological forecasting

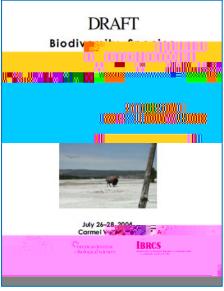
Inherently adopts a cause and effect paradigm

Design to scale, questions that may be germane to specific sites, but *designed to ask questions* among sites (local-regional-continental)

Designed to be Consistent, 30-y Long Term, datasets

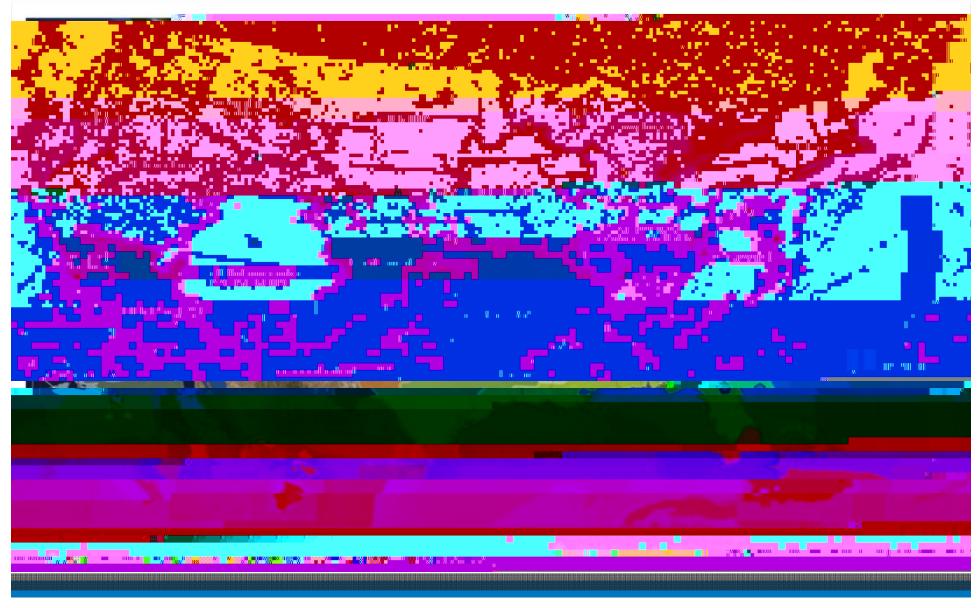
- >130 data products
- Terrestrial and Aquatic Ecological Processes
- Abiotic Drivers
- Remote Sensing



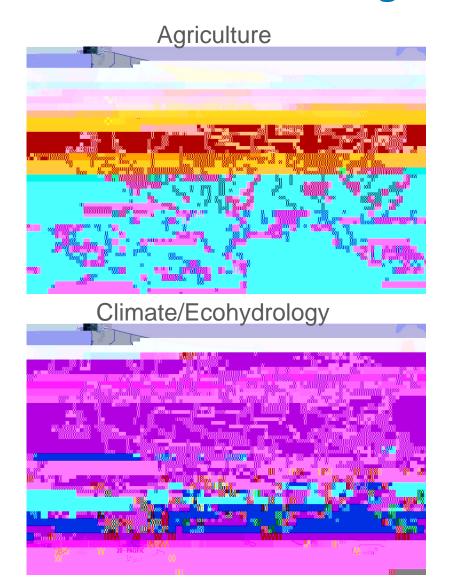


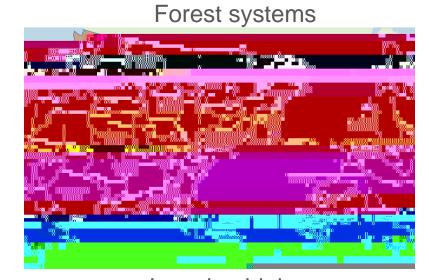


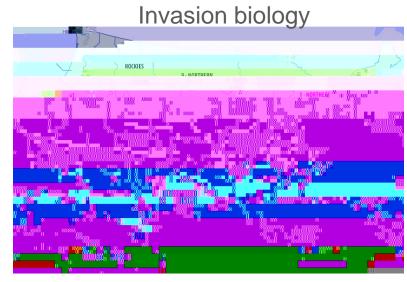
Continental Eco-climatic Domains of NEON



NEON Domain Design Addresses Several Themes







NEON Alaska Design (incl. D19 D18)

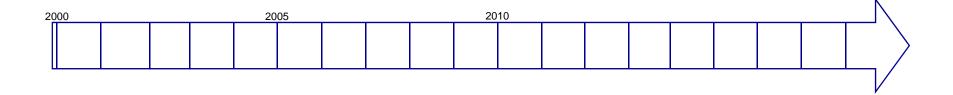
- Grand Challenge Areas (NRC / NAS)
- Ecohydrology is the main Domains(s) themes, re. permafrost dynamics
 - originally Poker Flats w/ fire theme as well
 - originally sites positioned along the haul road
- Why is the NEON tower over there?, why is it so big?
 - Older glacial geomorphology Sagavanirktok
 - scaling / compare / contrast
 - permanent structure (stairs), stability reqs, uniformity among sites
- D19 Toolik Lake permafrost tussock acidic tundra (core)
- D19 Barrow BER permafrost wet polygonal tundra
- D18 Caribou-Poker discontinuous permafrost black spruce
- D18 Healy (8-mike lake) degrading permafrost alpine tundra
- D18 Delta Junction non-permafrost black and white spruce



Development of Distributed Observatory

NEON Development Timeline





NEON Program Status

General Scope:

- Complete Construction of NEON Dec 2017
- Conduct Initial Operations
- Establish Long Term Observatory Plan

Descope activities:



NEON impacts and leverages other US agencies

AeroNet (NASA)
AmeriFlux (DOE)
US Climate Reference (NOAA)
Critical Zone Observatory (NSF)
Long-Term Ecological Research (NSF)

Forest Inventory Assessment (USDA)
Agricultural Research Service (USDA)
Long-Term Agroecosystem Research (USDA)

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Concluding Remarks

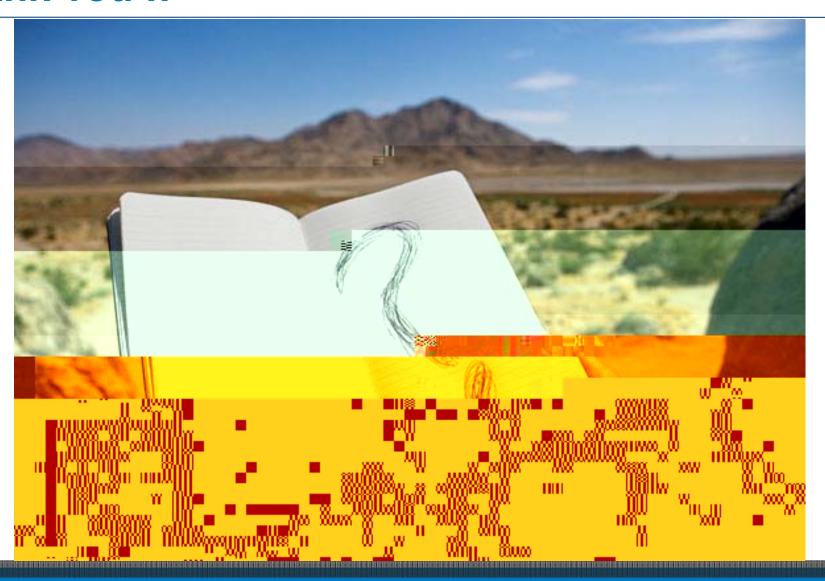
 NEON Construction will be complete at end of year, initial operations has begun, data are beginning to flow.

Communication Communication

- Strong need to establish the venues and processes for in-site science integration
- further develop, build, engage and work with User communities
- NEON must further develop 'observatory' communication skills with their colleagues, stakeholders in a more nimble manner (and vice versa).
- (personally



Thank You!!

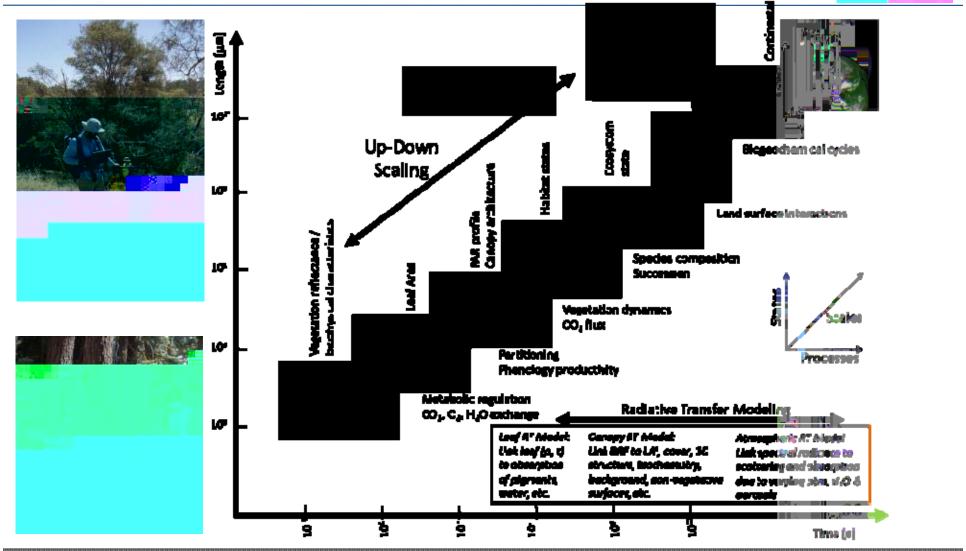


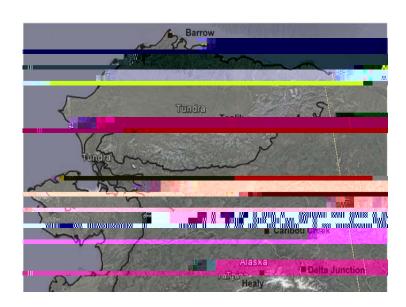
BACKUP

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NEON Captures and Integrates Ecological Data at Multiple Scales

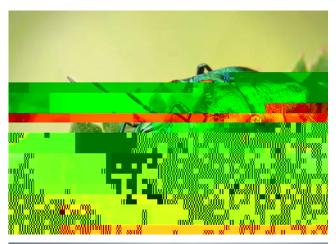






Biological Data Based on NEON Observations and Collections

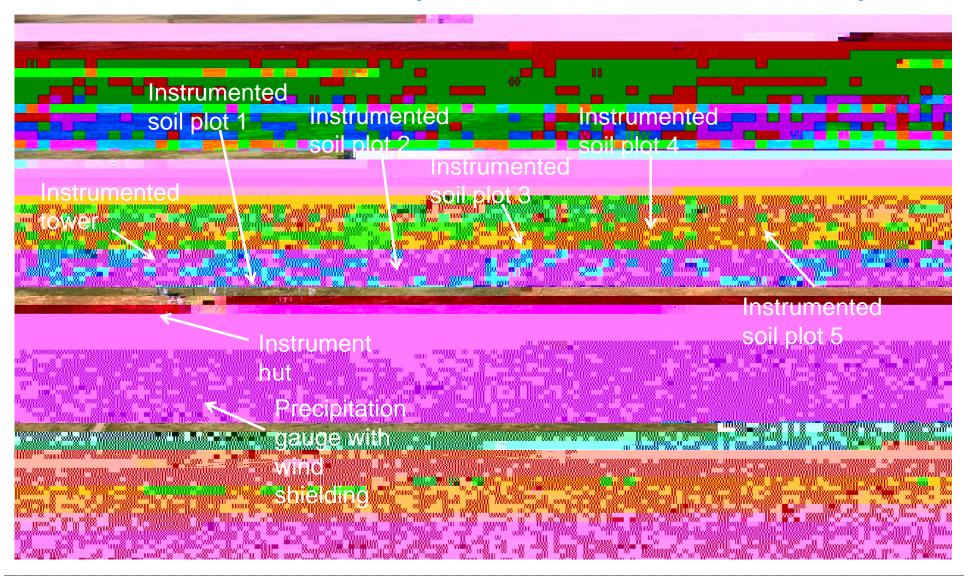
- Biodiversity
- Population Dynamics
- Productivity
- Phenology
- Infectious Disease
- Biogeochemistry
- Microbial Diversity and Function
- Ecohydrology
- **Sentinel Species**







Terrestrial Platform (D10 – Central Plains, CO)



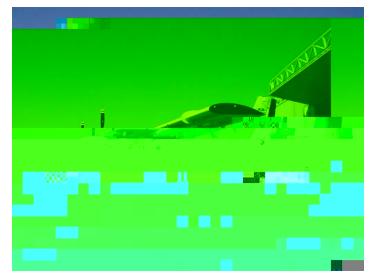


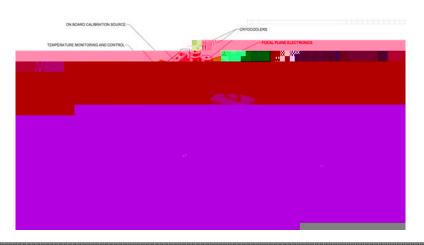
Aquatic Platforms Include Groundwater and



Airborne Observation Platform (AOP) Provide High Fidelity Aerial Imaging of Sites

- f Three airborne remote sensing payloads:
 - Waveform-LiDAR altimeter
 - Imaging spectrometer
 - High-resolution digital camera
 - GPS-Inertial measurement unit
- f Leased Twin Otter aircraft
- f Instrumentation maintenance and calibration facility





NEON Ensures Consistent Long Term Data

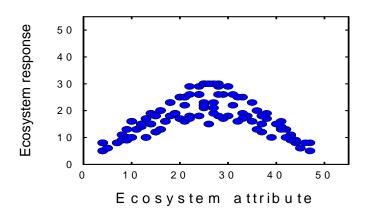
NEON data are needed to discover and understand temporal patterns and processes that are hidden by short-term approaches

"There is a serious contradiction between the time scales of many ecological phenomena and the support to finance their study."

"...high-quality data over the long term will allow generalization of ecological research results and theory over scales of time...great enough to evaluate disturbances to our ecosystems..."

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-Callahan 1984 BioScience



NEON's Scientific / System Engineering Approach

Grand Challenge Science Questions R **Environmental Science Questions** Q Ν (Hypothesis Based Questions) **Identify Needed Information** ()(What are the Data Products?) R Ε M Science Requirements M (Science Sub-System Requirements) Technical and Design Requirements N (e.g., for Engineering, CyberInfrastructure) S N Raw Data Collection



GARTNERYPECYCLE

